



# ***Manure Treatment***

**a home study module**

**prepared as part of the**

**“Managing Livestock for  
Competitiveness and  
Environmental Quality” Grant  
Project**





# ***Alternative Treatments***

- **Anaerobic digestion**
- **Aerobic treatment**
- **Partial aerobic treatment**
- **Solids separation**
- **Pit additives**
- **Constructed wetlands**





# *Anaerobic Digestion*

<b>Species</b>	<b>Biogas Prod.</b> ft <sup>3</sup> /day-1000 lbs bw	<b>Heat Prod.</b> BTU/day
<b>Dairy</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>20,700</b>
<b>Beef</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>11,700</b>
<b>Swine</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>16,400</b>
<b>Layers</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>22,700</b>
<b>Broilers</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>30,400</b>





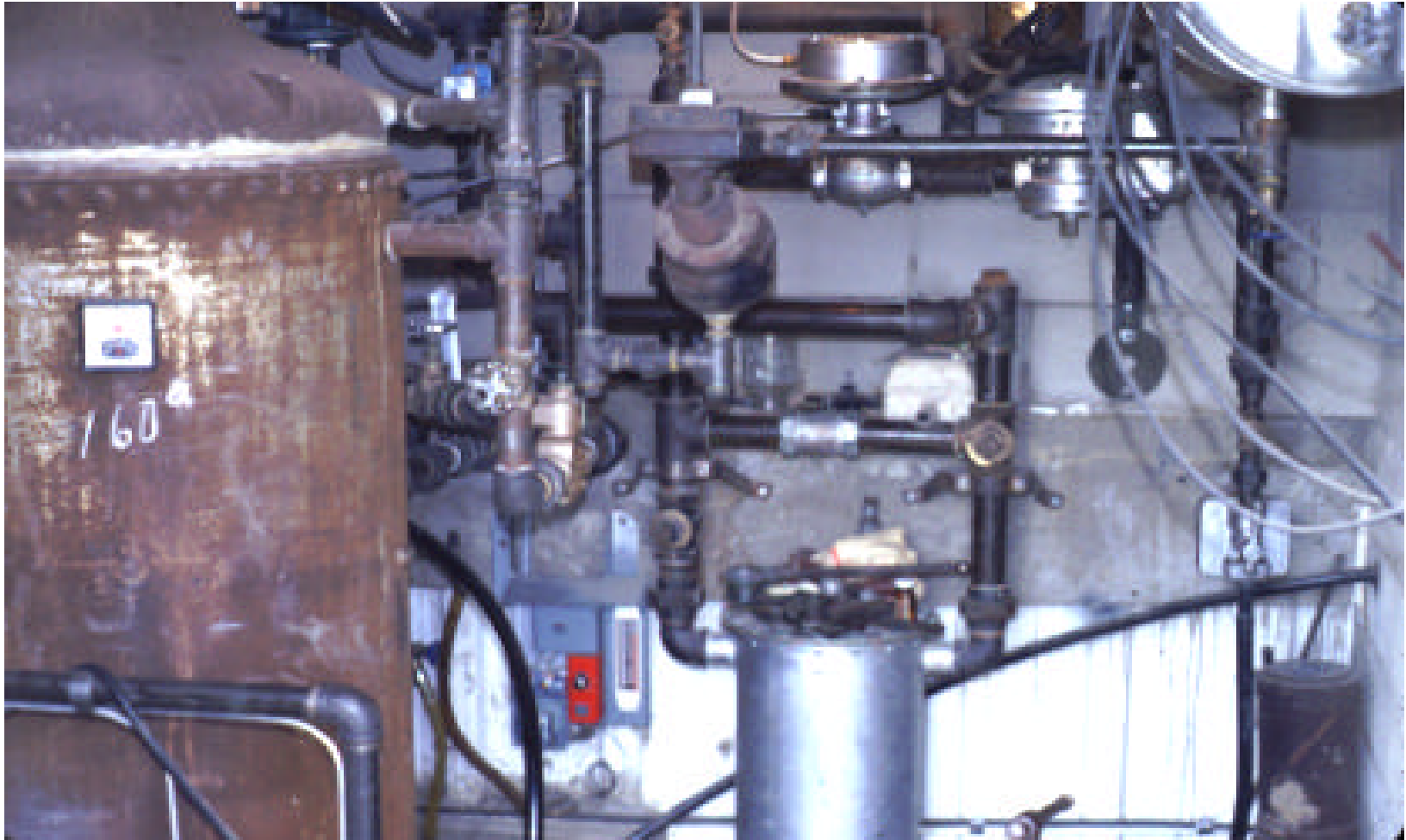
# *Anaerobic Digestion*

- **Old technology**
  - **Concrete facilities**
  - **Warm temperatures**
- **Controls odors**
- **Equal or more volume & nutrients**
  - **Requires storage pit or lagoon after digester**
- **Cost and management requirements are significant**





# *Anaerobic Digester*





# ***Anaerobic Lagoons***

- **Old technology**
- **Large volume**
- **Low nutrient concentration**
  - **high dilution rates**
  - **volatilization - nitrogen**
  - **solids settling - phosphorus**
- **Management often problem**
  - **lack of adequate dilution**
  - **timely pumpout required**





# ***Mechanical Aerobic Treatment***

- **Aerobic treatment adds oxygen to manure storages to eliminate odors.**
- **The technology works.**
- **Costs are a barrier to adoption**





# ***Mechanical Aerobic Treatment***



# ***Aerobic Treatment Example***

- **1000 head of finishing swine**
  - **465 lbs BOD production per day**
  - **aerators provide 3 lb oxygen/kilowatt-hour**
  - **$465/3 = 155$  kilowatt-hours per day**
- **Cost = \$9.30 per day (0.06\$/kwh X 155kwh/day)**
  - **\$3394 per year**
  - **\$3.39 per pig space per year**
  - **\$1.13 per pig marketed**



# ***Partial Aerobic Treatment***

- **Only the top of lagoons or pits is maintained aerobic**
- **Decreases power requirements to provide the necessary oxygen**
- **Still untested technology**





# ***Solids Separation***

**Solids separation removes total and volatile solids, and allows smaller lagoon sizes.**

**DNR allows a reduction in lagoon design loading of 0.5 lb VS for each pound VS removed**





# ***Solids Separation***

**Several types of separation possible**

- **Stationary screens**
- **Vibrating screens**
- **Centrifuges**
- **Screw presses**
- **Settling basins**





## ***Solids Separation***

**In general solids separation for dairy and beef manure is more efficient (45 - 70%) than it is for swine manure (14 - 45%). Screens only remove 14 - 20% of solids from swine manure.**





# ***Pit Additives***

**Numerous pit additives are on the market.**

**Four basic modes of action are:**

**Masking agents**

**pH adjustment**

**Bacteria and/or enzymes**

**Disinfectants**





## ***Pit Additive Testing***

**ISU Ag Engineers have tested some pit additives. Odor reductions have ranged from 31% to 87% in the laboratory.**

**Results of the additive tests can be found on the Worldwide Web at <http://www.ae.iastate.edu>**

